

9 June 2020

Via Email:		

### Response to a request for official information

Dear

Thank you for your request for official information received 13 March 2020 by Nelson Marlborough Health (NMH)<sup>1</sup>, followed by the necessary extension of time 14 April 2020, where you seek clarification of evidence used in establishing that consumption of raw milk was either the cause of the illness, or the most likely cause of illness, for two identified outbreaks in the Nelson Marlborough region:

### Outbreak one:

This outbreak was identified with a "report date" 14 December 2016, causing illness (Campylobacter) to five people, aged 1 and 74 years. The comment provided regarding the source of the outbreak was "Cases consumed raw milk purchased from the same raw milk producer".

#### Outbreak two:

This outbreak was identified with a "report date" 28 June 2018, causing illness (Campylobacter) to four people, aged from 51 to 74 years. The comment provided regarding the source of the outbreak was "Cases consumed raw milk purchased from the same raw milk producer".

For each of the above "outbreaks", please provide the answers to the following questions.

### NMH response

Please see our response below each of your seven question, for each outbreak.

#### Outbreak One in 2016

### 1. What information was sought from the "cases", themselves?

The Institute of Environmental Science and Research Ltd (ESR), under contract with the Ministry of Health (MoH), contributes to the national public health surveillance effort. ESR operates the national notifiable disease surveillance database, EpiSurv, on behalf of the MoH.

Cases of enteric illness such as Campylobacter and Giardia are interviewed using standard case report forms on Episurv. A copy of the Enteric Disease Case Report Form is attached. On occasion, further information may be requested to clarify the answers given during the interview, for example what treatment they have been given by their doctor, regularity of attendance at child care centres, and treatment of private water supplies.

### 2. What information was sought from other sources, and what were these other sources?

Information sought from cases is collected during the interview process using the standard Case Report Form. The Public Health Service is required to report any suspect or confirmed

Nelson Marlborough District Health Board

foodborne illness to MPI. MPI investigate issues and risk factors relating to food and/or food premises where appropriate.

### 3. What tests were used to establish that raw milk was the cause, or probable cause, of the illness?

- For the three Giardiasis cases a PCR faecal parasite test was taken with positive results for Giardia Intestinalis.
- For the two Campylobacteriosis cases a culture laboratory test identified a campylobacter species in both cases.
- No water test results were received in relation to this outbreak.
- The food premises used AsureQuality as their verifier and microbiological sampling was carried out on milk.

## 4. What evidence did you rely on to ascertain that raw milk was the cause, or probable cause, of the illness?

### Evidence relied on includes:

- a. Microbiological test results, for example faecal specimens and food analysis. Five confirmed cases consumed raw milk/raw milk products from the same supplier within the incubation period of the disease. There was no leftover food products available for testing.
- b. Epidemiological evidence, where two or more cases are linked to a common source, in particular where the common source is exposure at a common event, or to food or water dispersed in a community, an environmental source or a source in an institutional setting. Five confirmed cases became ill during November 2016 after consuming raw milk/raw milk product sold from the same premises.
- c. Environmental investigations of food premises. Any inspections or investigations of a specific premises are carried out by MPI and/or the premises' verifier.

### 5. What other foods did the "cases" consume that may have caused the illness?

One case had consumed a chicken and chips meal from a food premises. This person had also consumed a chicken nasi goreng meal from a takeaway outlet. There was no left over food available for testing.

### 6. What non-food sources were investigated as possible causes of the illness?

Non-food source investigations are based around the Case Report Form. Information is sought to identity possible risk factors such as drinking water, recreational water contact (swimming pool, beach, river), human contact (school, preschool, nappy changing), animal contact (farm, pets) and overseas travel.

# 7. What other possible sources of the illness were investigated to ascertain that they were not the cause, or probable cause, of the illness?

Case interviews are carried out using the standard Case Report Form. The form includes a large range of risk factors and interviewers can explore other risk factors if they believe they could be applicable; refer OTHER on the form where the question says "Other risk factor for disease (specify)". All risk factors are collected for analysis and comparison with other cases of illness where necessary.

If cases are referred to MPI for further investigation of food as a possible source, MPI are informed as to whether the case had any other risk factors.

### Outbreak two in 2018

### 1. What information was sought from the "cases", themselves?

ESR, under contract with the MoH, contributes to the national public health surveillance effort. ESR operates the national notifiable disease surveillance database, EpiSurv, on behalf of the MoH.

Cases of enteric illness such as Campylobacter and Giardia are interviewed using standard case report forms on Episurv. On occasion, further information may be requested to clarify the answers given during the interview, for example what treatment they have been given by their doctor, regularity of attendance at child care centres, and treatment of private water supplies.

In response to a referral that was made to MPI, additional questions were requested by MPI to be sought from a case. The questions were;

- 1. When and how often is raw milk purchased from the location?
- 2. How is it purchased (e.g. vending machine, home delivery)?
- 3. Does the case take their own bottle? Is it sterilised?
- 4. How is the milk consumed by the case (e.g. on cereal, in coffee, by the glass)?
- 5. Is any heat treatment or scalding of the milk completed before consumption?
- 6. Is there any leftover milk remaining?

### 2. What information was sought from other sources, and what were these other sources?

Certain diseases are required to be notified to Public Health Services by General Practitioners and Laboratories under the Health Act 1956. These diseases can then be investigated by the DHB.

Information sought from cases is collected during the interview process using the standard Case Report Form. The Public Health Service is required to report any suspect or confirmed foodborne illness to MPI. MPI investigate issues and risk factors relating to food and/or food premises where appropriate.

In this outbreak the Public Health Service requested information from MPI on the registration of the operator, any compliance issues, results of tests, and quantities sold by operator.

### 3. What tests were used to establish that raw milk was the cause, or probable cause, of the illness?

- Faecal specimen tests culture/pcr/antigen (giardia and campylobacter)
- For the 4 cases of confirmed Campylobacteriosis there was a laboratory faecal PCR test positive for Campylobacter
- Water testing was carried out on a private drinking water supply.
- The food premises used AsureQuality as their verifier and microbiological sampling was carried out on milk.

## 4. What evidence did you rely on to ascertain that raw milk was the cause, or probable cause, of the illness?

Evidence relied on includes:

- a. Microbiological test results, for example faecal specimens and food analysis. Four confirmed cases consumed raw milk/raw milk products within the incubation period of the disease. There was no leftover raw milk/raw milk products available for testing.
- b. Epidemiological evidence, where two or more cases are linked to a common source, in particular where the common source is exposure at a common event, or to food or water dispersed in a community, an environmental source or a source in an institutional setting.
- c. Environmental investigations of food premises. Any inspections or investigations in relation to the operator are carried out by MPI and/or the premises' verifier.

### 5. What other foods did the "cases" consume that may have caused the illness?

- One case ate a meal of tapas, fries and calamari at a restaurant.
- One case ate a lamb kebab meal from a takeaway.
- One case ate a burger from a takeaway.

There was no leftover food available for testing.

### 6. What non-food sources were investigated as possible causes of the illness?

Non-food source investigations are based around the Case Report Form. Information is sought to identity possible risk factors such as drinking water, recreational water contact (swimming pool, beach, river), human contact (school, preschool, nappy changing), animal contact (farm, pets) and overseas travel.

# 7. What other possible sources of the illness were investigated to ascertain that they were not the cause, or probable cause, of the illness?

Case interviews are carried out using the standard Case Report Form. The form includes a large range of risk factors and interviewers can explore other risk factors if they believe they could be applicable; refer OTHER on the form where the question says "Other risk factor for disease (specify)". All risk factors are collected for analysis and comparison with other cases of illness where necessary.

If cases are referred to MPI for further investigation of food as a possible source, MPI are informed as to whether the case had any other risk factors.

This response has been provided under the Official Information Act 1982. You have the right to seek an investigation by the Ombudsman of this decision. Information about how to make a complaint is available at <a href="https://www.ombudsman.parliament.nz">www.ombudsman.parliament.nz</a> or free phone 0800 802 602.

If you have any questions about this decision please feel free to email our OIA Coordinator <a href="OIArequest@nmdhb.govt.nz">OIArequest@nmdhb.govt.nz</a> I trust that this information meets your requirements. NMH, like other agencies across the state sector, supports the open disclosure of information to assist the public's understanding of how we are delivering publicly-funded healthcare. This includes the proactive publication of anonymised Official Information Act responses on our website from 10 working days after they have been released. If you feel that there are good reasons why your response should not be made publicly available, we will be happy to consider.

Dr Peter Bramley
Chief Executive

Encl: Enteric Disease Case Report Form v8 2017

### **CASE REPORT FORM**

### **Enteric Disease**

Enteric Disease				piSurv No.
Disease Name			<del> </del>	
Gastroenteritis - unl	known cause Gastroen	teritis/foodborne intoxica	ition - specify	
○ Campylobacteriosis	○ Cholera	O Cryptosporidiosis	◯ Giardiasis	
O Paratyphoid fever	○ Salmonellosis	○ Shigellosis	Typhoid fever	○ Yersiniosis
Reporting Autho	rity			
Name of Public Healt	th Officer responsible for	case		
Notifier Identific	ation			
Reporting source*	O General Practitioner	O Hospital-bas	ed Practitioner	O Laboratory
	O Self-notification	Outbreak In	vestigation	Other
Name of reporting so	ource	Orga	anisation	
Date reported*			Contact pho	ne
Usual GP	Prac	ctice		GP phone
GP/Practice address	Number Street		Suburb	
	Town/City		Post Code	
Case Identification	on			
Name of case* Suma	ome	Given N	lame(s)	
NHI number*	Email		-	
Current address* Nu	mber Stree	t	Suburb	
To	wn/City		Post Code	GeoCode
Phone (home)	Phone	(work)	Phone (ot	her)
Case Demograph	у			
Location TA*			DHB*	
Date of birth*		OR Age	O Days	O Months O Years
Sex*	Male O Female	O Indeterminate	O Unknown	
Occupation*			*****	
Occupation location	O Place of Work O S	chool O Pre-scho	ol	
Name				
Address Number	Street		Suburb	
Town/City			Post Code	GeoCode
Alternative location	O Place of Work O S	chool O Pre-scho	ol	
Name				
Address Number	Street		Suburb	
Town/City			Post Code	GeoCode
	ongs to* (tick all that apply	)		
NZ European	Maori	Samoan	Cook Island Mao	ri
☐ Niuean		Indian	☐ Tongan	
Other (such as Dutc	h, Japanese, Tokelauan)	(specify)		

Enteric Disease	•	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>				EpiSurv No	
Basis of Diag	gnosis						
CLINICAL CRI	TERIA						
Fits clinical de	scription*				○ Yes	○No	OUnknown
LABORATORY	CRITERIA (	refer to cas	e definition)				
Meets laborate	ry criteria*	○Yes	○No C	Unknow	/n		
Isolation (cult	ure) of orga	nism*		○Yes	○No	O Not Done	O Awaiting Results
Specify site*	○ Faeces	O Blood	Other site (*specify)				
Detection of or	rganism nuc	leic acid (e	g PCR)*	○Yes	○No	O Not Done	Awaiting Results
Specify site*	○ Faeces	O Blood	Other site (*specify)				
Detection of or	ganism anti	igen*		○Yes	○ No	O Not Done	O Awaiting Results
Specify site*	○ Faeces	O Blood	Other site (*specify)				
Demonstration				○Yes	ONo	O Not Done	O Awaiting Results
trophozoites*							
Specify site*	○ Faeces	O Blood	Other site (*specify)				
Detection of to	xın∗			○Yes	○ No	○ Not Done	Awaiting Results
Specify site*	○ Faeces	OBlood	Other site (*specify)				
		rology), spe	ecify test and result*				
Specify site*	○ Faeces	O Blood	Other site (*specify)	··		·	
Organism / tox water*	din isolated d	or detected	from linked food or	○Yes	○ No	O Not Done	Awaiting Results
EPIDEMIOLOGICAL CRITERIA							
Contact with a confirmed case of the same disease* (If yes also record details in risk factors section)			○ Yes		○No	Ounknown	
Part of an ident (If yes also recor			outbreak* on and risk factors section	O Yes		○ No	OUnknown
CLASSIFICA			Under Investigation	OProba	able	○ Confirmed	O Not a case
ADDITIONAL L	ABORATOR	Y DETAILS					
Organism speci etc*	ies /serotyp	e / phage t	oxin			**************************************	
				**************************************	***************************************		
man ti i	_			*******************************		***	
ESR Updated		Laborate	ory				
	Date resi	ult updated	W-2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	Sam	ple Numb	ber	
Was whole gen	ome sequer	ncing / geno	otyping done?		○ Yes	○No	O Unknown
If yes, laboratory where done Date							
ASSOCIATED FOOD/WATER/ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES							
Were there any food, water or environmental samples associated with this case? O Yes O No O Unknown							
If yes, specify type(s) and results							
Sample Type	Sam	ıple Number	Result				
				~~~	T4		
***************************************			***************************************		****	***************************************	

Enteric Di	sease					EpiSu	ırv No.	
Clinical	Course	and Outcome						
Date of o	nset*				☐ Approxim	nate	Unknown	
Hospitalis	ed*	○ Ye	S		O No		O Unknown	
Date hosp	oitalised	<b> </b> *			Unknown	İ		
Hospital*								
Died*		○ Ye	S		○ No		O Unknown	
Date died	*			TT.TT.TT.CO	☐ Unknown			
Was this o	disease	the primary cause	of death?*	O Yes	С	No No	O Unknown	
*If no	o, speci	fy the primary cau	se of death					
Outbrea	k Deta	ils						
Is this cas	e part	of an outbreak (i.e	. known to b	e linked t	o one or mo	re other cases	of the same dis	ease)?*
			☐ Yes	s If yes	, specify Out	break No.*		
Risk Fac	tors				<u> </u>			
FOOD PRE	MISES							
Did the ca		sume food from a t	food premise	during ti	ne incubation	n period?~ (	⊃Yes ○No	OUnknown
1. Name o		se						
Address	Number	Street				Suburb		
	Town/Cit	у				Post Co	de	GeoCode
Foods eate	en	***************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Date co	onsumed	P. L.
Comments			***************************************		Status	O Suspected	O Confirmed	O Exonerated
2. Name of	f premi	se						
Address	Number	Street				Suburb		
	Town/Cit	у				Post Co	de	GeoCode
Foods eate		***************************************				Date co	onsumed	
Comments	***************************************				Status	O Suspected	O Confirmed	O Exonerated
3. Name of	f premi:	se						***************************************
Address	Number	Street	······································	-		Suburb	7.1.7.7.7.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	***************************************
	Town/Cit	У	·····	*******************************		Post Code		GeoCode
Foods eate					Chatria		consumed	
Comments					Status	O Suspected	Confirmed	O Exonerated
RAW MILK		_				_	_	
Did the cas milk during	se cons g the in	ume raw (unpaste cubation period?^	urised) milk ,	or produc	cts made froi	n raw	○No	O Unknown
If yes, spe		type of product(s) yoghurt, che	e.g. milk,		brand(s)		where obta	ined
Product 1:						***************************************	***************************************	
Product 2:					***************************************	······································	****	THE STATE OF THE S
Product 3:								

Enteric Dis	ease			EpiSurv N	o	
Risk Fac	tors contin	ued				· · · · ·
DRINKING	WATER					
Current ad	ldress*	water supply code	е	or specify		
Work/scho	ool/pre-schoo	y* water supply code	2	or specify		
		rater other than regular supp ool) during the incubation pe		○Yes	○ No	OUnknown
If yes, s	specify address	<b>k</b>		Water	supply cod	le
				Water	supply cod	le
	se consume u incubation p	ntreated surface water, bore		O Yes	○ No	OUnknown
If yes, speci	ify water source	<b>?:</b> ∼				
RECREATI	ONAL WATER	CONTACT				***************************************
	se have recre	ational contact with water du	uring the incubation p	period?~ 🔘	Yes O	lo O Unknown
Swimm	ning in public	swimming pool, spa pool or i	n other pool (e.g. sch	ool, hospital, m	otel, priva	ate pool)
1. Name of	f pool					-
Address	Number	Street		Suburb		
	Town/City	4		De al Contr		] GeoCode
Comments						J 0000000
2. Name of						
Address	Number	Street		Suburb		
	Town/City			Post Code		] GeoCode
Comments	***************************************		**************************************	Date of expos	ure	
3. Name of	f pool					···········
Address	Number	Street		Suburb		
	Town/City			Post Code		GeoCode
Comments				Date of expos	ure	
		s, rivers, sea etc				
1. Name of	f stream/rive	r/beach				
Address	Number	Street		Suburb		
	Town/City			Post Code		GeoCode
Comments				Date of expos	ure 	
2. Name of	f stream/rive	r/beach			······································	
Address	Number	Street		Suburb		
	Town/City			Post Code		GeoCode
Comments				Date of expos	ure	
3. Name of	f stream/rive	r/beach		·····		
Address	Number	Street		Suburb		
	Town/City			Post Code		GeoCode
Comments				Date of expo	sure	

Enteric Disease	EpiSurv	No.	ATTACA TO THE TAX TO T
Risk Factors continued			
RECREATIONAL WATER CONTACT			
Other recreational contact with water	Date of exposu	ıre	
Location of other recreational contact with water			
HUMAN CONTACT			
Attendance at school, preschool or childcare~	○ Yes	○ No	O Unknown
Did the case have contact with other symptomatic people during the incubation period?~  If yes, specify type of contact	O Yes	○ No	O Unknown
If yes, give names of people	~ <del>/ </del>		
Did the case have contact with children in nappies, sewage or other types of faecal matter or vomit during the incubation period?~  If yes, specify what they had contact with	○ Yes	○ No	O Unknown
ANIMAL CONTACT		~~~~	······
Did the case have contact with farm animals during the incubation per	iod?~ O Yes	○ No	O Unknown
If yes, specify type of animal	***************************************		
Did the case have contact with sick animals during the incubation periods If yes, specify type of animal and illness	od?~ O Yes	O No	O Unknown
OVERSEAS TRAVEL			
Was the case overseas during the incubation period for this disease $\!\!\!\!\!\!^*$	O Yes O No	O Unkno	wn
If yes, date arrived in New Zealand*			
Specify countries visited* Country Date Er	ntered D	ate Departed	l
Last (most recent):*			
Second last:*			
Third last:*			
If the case has not been overseas recently, is there any prior history of overseas travel that might account for this infection?*  If yes, specify*	Yes O No	O Unknov	vn
OTHER			
For shigellosis in males aged ≥ 15 years, did the case have sexual contact with another male/other males during the incubation period?  Other risk factor for disease (specify)~	○ Yes ○ No	O Unki	nown
Source			
Was a source confirmed by*			
a) Epidemiological evidence*	○ Yes	○ No	O Unknown
e.g. part of an identified common source outbreak (also record in outbreak secontact with a known case	ction) or person to	person	
b) Laboratory evidence*	○ Yes	O No	O Unknown
e.g. organism or toxin of same type identified in food or drink consumed by ca	ise		

Enteric Disease		Εŗ	iSurv N	0	
Source continued					
Specify confirmed source(s)*					
From consumption of contaminated food or drink, specify food or drin	nk				
From consumption of contaminated drinking water, specify supply					
From contact with infected animal, specify type of animal					
$\square$ Person to person contact with another case, specify relationship to ca	se				
☐ From other confirmed source, specify source					
If not confirmed, were any probable sources identified?*		O Yes	0	No (	○ Unknown
Specify probable source(s)*					
From consumption of contaminated food or drink, specify food or dr	ink				
From consumption of contaminated drinking water, specify supply		**************************************			
From contact with infected animal, specify type of animal			***************************************		
Person to person contact with another case, specify relationship to o	case				,
From other probable source, specify source		`			
Management					
CASE MANAGEMENT					· · . ·
Case excluded from work or school/preschool/childcare until well?	01	Yes C	No	O NA	O Unknown
Does the case fit any of the following high risk categories?					
Early childhood centre work	0 1	Yes C	No		O Unknown
Food handler	O Y	_	No		O Unknown
Water supply worker	O Y		No		O Unknown
Intellectually/physically impaired	01	_	No		O Unknown
Healthcare/rest-home worker	01	Yes C	No		O Unknown
If yes, to any of the above, was the case excluded from work until microbiological clearance achieved?	0 1	Yes C	No	O NA	O Unknown
CONTACT MANAGEMENT					
Number of contacts identified					
Number of contacts followed up according to national or local pro-	tocol	<b>5</b>			
Comments*					

Enteric Dis	ease		EpiSurv No.	
Food Prer	nises			
4. Name o	f premise			
Address	Number	Street	Suburb	
	Town/City		Post Code GeoCode	
Foods eate	en		Date consumed	
Comments	·		Status O Suspected O Confirmed O Exonerated	
5. Name of	f premise			
Address	Number	Street	Suburb	
	Town/City		Post Code GeoCode	
Foods eate	en		Date consumed	
Comments	***************************************		Status Osuspected Oconfirmed Exonerated	
6. Name of	f premise			
Address	Number	Street	Suburb	
	Town/City		Post Code GeoCode	
Foods eate	oods eaten Date consumed			
Comments			Status Osuspected Oconfirmed Exonerated	
7. Name of	f premise			
Address	Number	Street	Suburb	
	Town/City		Post Code GeoCode	
Foods eate	Foods eaten Date consumed			
Comments	***************************************		Status  Suspected  Confirmed  Exonerated	
8. Name of	f premise			
Address	Number	Street	Suburb	
	Town/City		Post Code GeoCode	
Foods eate	en		Date consumed	
Comments			Status O Suspected O Confirmed O Exonerated	

Version 8 December 2017

\* core surveillance data, ~ optional data